



Welcome!

RW CAREWare Interoperability
From fragmented to functional

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Functional Units	Systems/Databases		
Operations & Management	AIMS	FMIS	
Prevention	CTRS	TOPWA	
Patient Care	HMS	CAREWare	ADAP
Early Intervention	PEMS		
Surveillance	eHARS		
Hepatitis	HEPStudy		

Patient Care



CAREWare

HMS

ADAP

- Statewide Centralized System
- Medical Care
- Case Management
- HOPWA
- Eligibility
- Reporting

- Distributed System
- 67 CHDs, 67 instances of HMS
- 30 HIV CHDs

- Statewide Centralized System
- Manage and Dispense Medications

What Do We Need?



Comprehensive Client Record

- Need Linkage of data
- Comply with RDR and RSR Reporting
- Implement quality management
- Serve competing needs (surveillance versus patient management)

Reduce costs on providers

Reduce costs on providers

- Limited to no IT expertise
- OTS systems cost big money, users dependent, limited functionality, maintenance
- Providers should be focused on client care
- Don't want each provider running an IT shop
 - Reporting should be standardized

Scenario



Joe Client gets tested.....

Tests positive – into CTRS database

At the CHD – into county HMS database

Sent to Surveillance – into eHARS

Linked to case management – into CAREWare

**Case manager refers, spends money - into
AIMS**

Needs meds – into ADAP database

Gets flu shot – into FI SHOTS

How do we get to comprehensive Client record?



How do you get a comprehensive client record from this?

Everyone uses one system (hepatitis, HOPWA)

Every database contains every data element

Integrate the data on the back end (warehouse)

We do some of all three...



Integration



Two flavors of Integration

Data Integration

SSIS DTS

System Integration

Store and Forward (one time)

PDI (ongoing)

Cloverleaf IB (ELR labs)

eHARS

Maximum Flexibility – Reporting needs are always changing

Barriers to Integration



Distributed legacy systems

Different technologies and architectures, EMRs

Security (governance, policy, existing infrastructure)

Users

Synchronization

Data quality

System / server availability and access

System performance on production

Availability of technical resources, hardware and software

Multiple funding sources and HIPAA

CAREWare – Provider Data Import (System Integration)



Integration Health Departments with Private Providers

- Step 1. Identifying data elements in the source system
- Step 2. Mapping data elements to CAREWare PDI template
- Step 3. Build data crosswalks (services, labs, medications)
- Step 4. Construct SSIS package
- Step 5. Build query to extract data
- Step 6. Embed query in SSIS package
- Step 7. Clean, format and validate data in SSIS
- Step 8 Drop data in to PDI template database
- Step 9. Open PDI database and generate EURN
- Step 10. From CAREWare central admin select PDI template
- Step 11. Import PDI to holding area and review errors
- Step 12. Fix mapping errors and review import options
- Step 13. Complete import
- Step 14. Verify data placement in CAREWare

Process



Step 4. Construct SSIS package

Build error handling



Process

Step 7. Clean, format and validate data in SSIS



Process

Step 12. Fix mapping errors and review import options



PDI In Action - Demo



Demo Captivate



Cloverleaf Integration Broker (System Integration)



Integration Data from Electronic Labs

Step 1. Cloverleaf IB transforms HL7 incoming labs and stores into SQL server database

Step 2. Mapping data elements to CAREWare PDI template

Step 3. Build data crosswalks (HIV diagnostic, CD4, Viral Loads)

Step 4. Construct SSIS package

Step 5. Build query to extract data

Step 6. Embed query in SSIS package

Step 7. Clean, format and validate data in SSIS

Step 8 Drop data in to PDI template database

Step 9. Open PDI database and generate EURN

Step 10. From CAREWare central admin select PDI template

Step 11. Import PDI to holding area and review errors

Step 12. Fix mapping errors and review import options

Step 13. Complete import

Step 14. Verify data placement in CAREWare

Data Warehouse (Data Integration)



Creating Data Store from Multiple Databases

- Step 1. Identifying data elements in the source systems
- Step 4. Construct SSIS package
- Step 5. Build query to extract data
- Step 6. Embed query in SSIS package
- Step 7. Clean, format and validate data in SSIS
- Step 8. Drop data in to SQL server database
- Step 9. Join tables through common data elements
- Step 10. Build Crystal Reports



SSIS In Action - Demo



Demo Captivate



Disadvantages of Conventional databases for comprehensive reporting



Conventional DBs

- each one has different fields names
- each one has different data structures/characteristics
- each one different data elements
- nobody wants to give anything up

Use Fixed Reports

- hard coded, requires coding
- need to be re-written when something changes
- no flexibility, can't data mine, filters are confusing to users
- little standardization, report requirements always changing
- are transactional, reporting causes performance hit

Advantages of Data Warehouse for comprehensive reporting

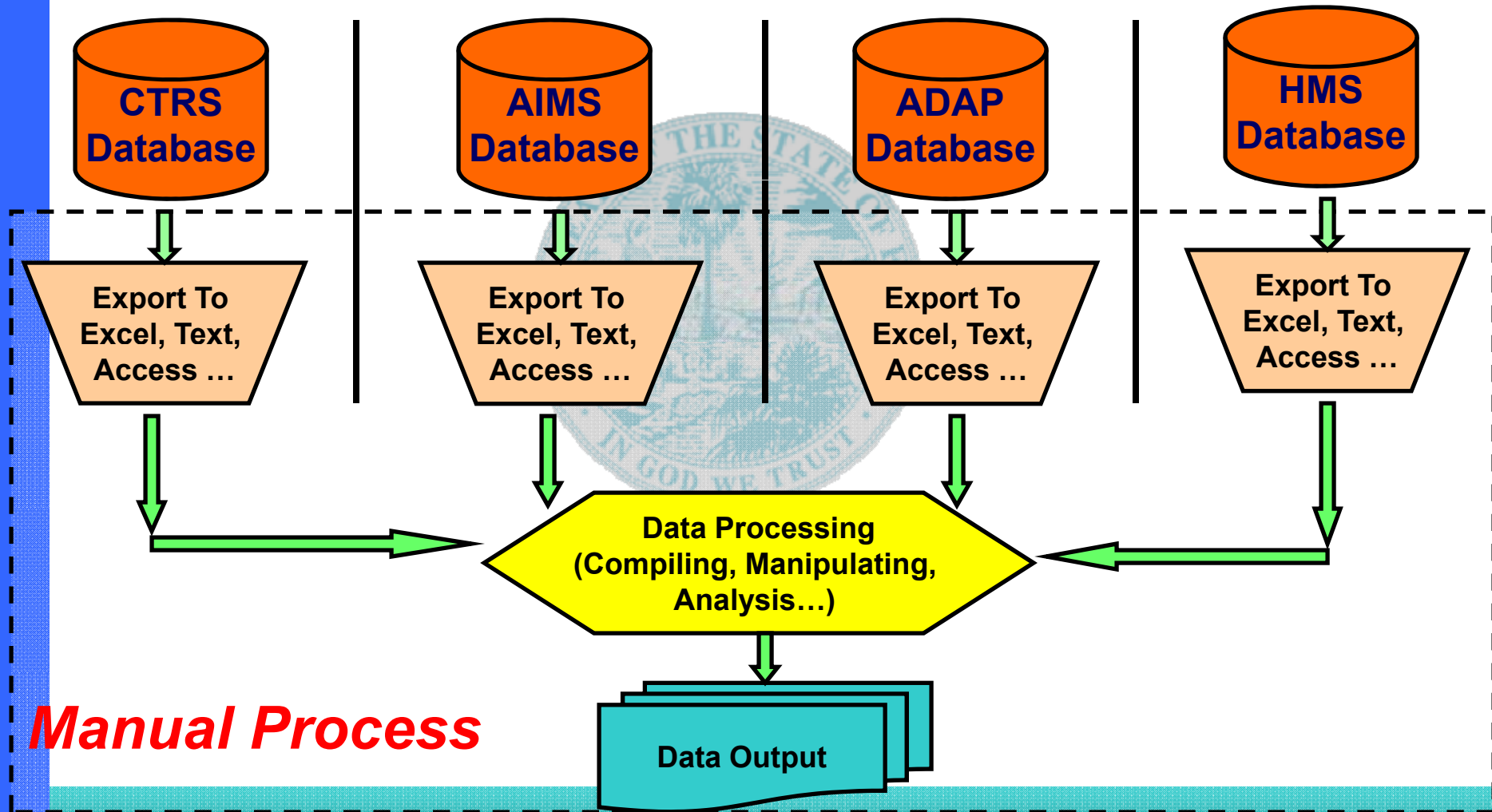


- **DTS improve the data quality when created**
- **Are virtual and require no maintenance**
- **Provides comprehensive data and can be created, modified or deleted at will**
- **We don't need all DBs to house all data**
- **Provides maximum flexibility for reporting (Crystal Reports)**

Process



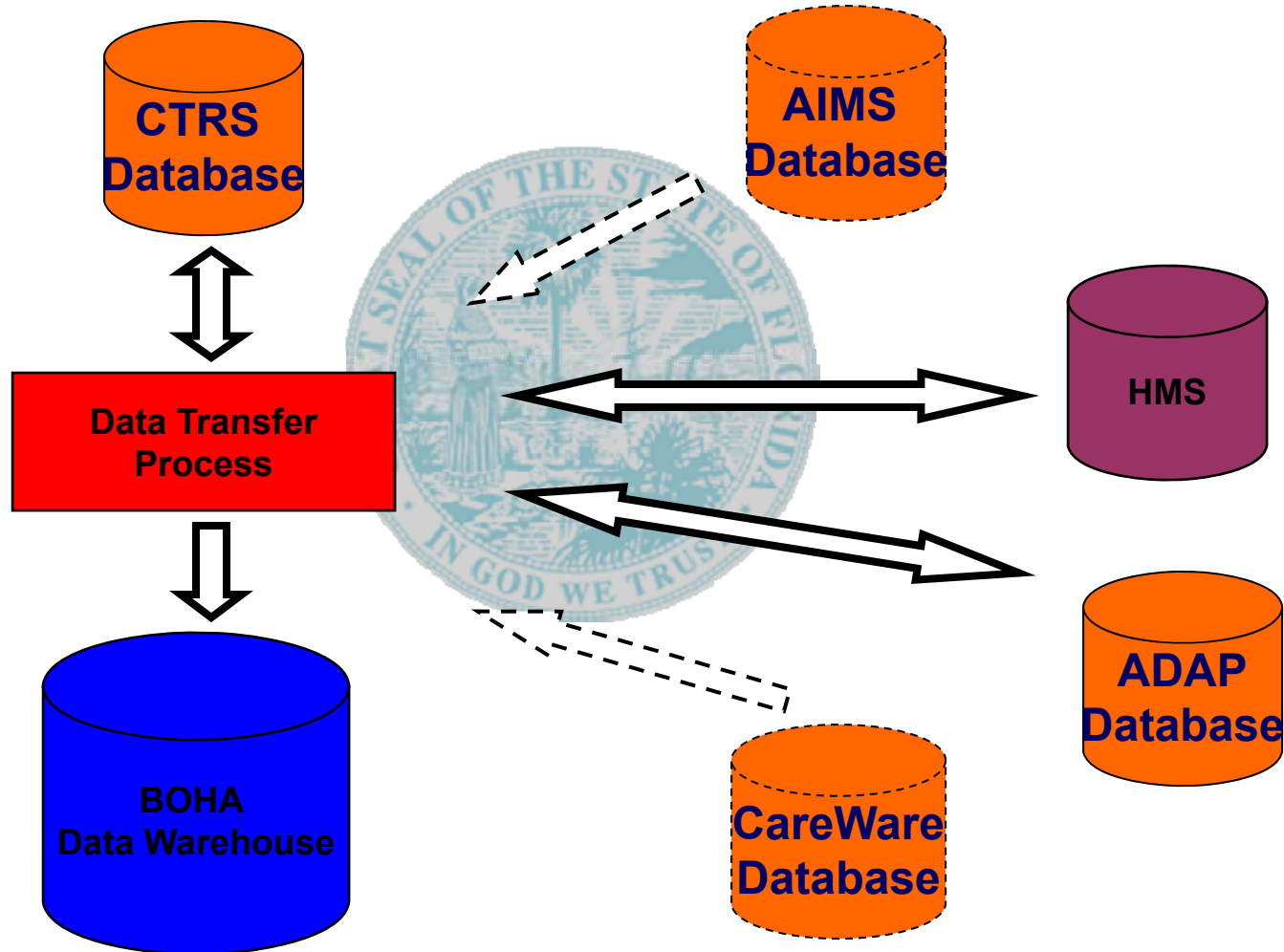
Existing/Current Structure of Bureau's Databases



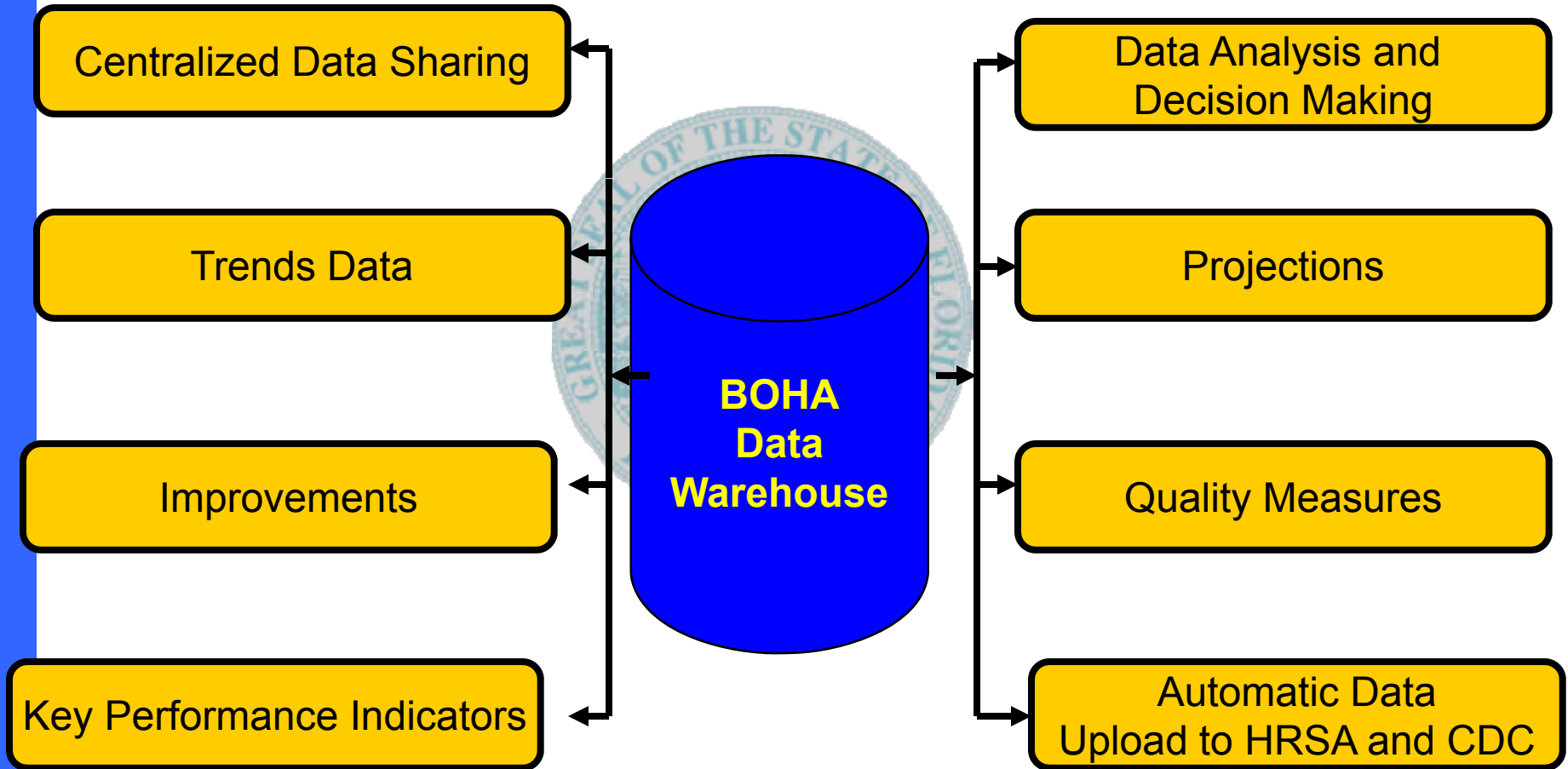
BOHA Data Warehouse



Data Transfer In Action



Benefits of BOHA Data Warehouse



Conclusion



