



A Quality Framework for Improving Joy in Work

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Why joy?

You cannot give what you do not have

In our work in healthcare, **joy** is not just humane; it's **instrumental**

Don Berwick, IHI Senior Fellow and President Emeritus

Maureen Bisognano, IHI President Emerita and Senior Fellow

The gifts of hope, confidence, and safety that health care should offer patients and families, can only come from a workforce that feels hopeful, confident, and safe. **Joy** in work is an **essential resource** for healing



Learning Objectives



Describe key leadership behaviors that raise staff engagement and restore joy



Identify the key changes in the system for joy in work



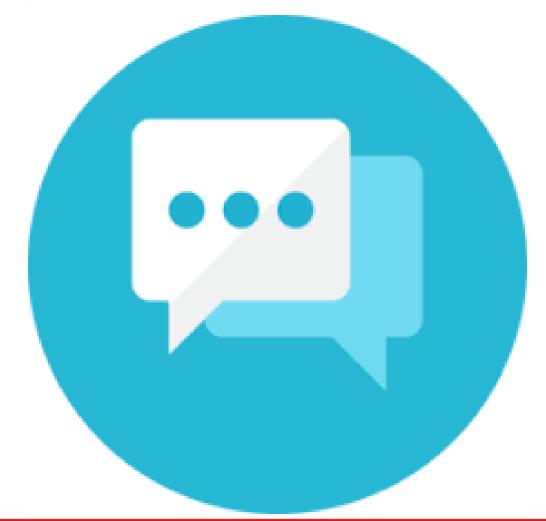
Learn how to apply the Model of Improvement to co-create joy in your workplace



Let's chat

In the chat box –

- What gives you meaning at work?
- What gives you joy in work?



Daniel Pink's
Theory on Motivation,
Meaning and
Purpose

Motivation 1.0 Biological needs, such as hunger and thirst

Motivation 2.0 Carrot and stick approach, rewards/punishment

Motivation 3.0 Intrinsic motivation to create a better world

Three constituents necessary for intrinsic motivation:

Autonomy

evolution of motivation

Provide opportunity to exercise choice in the work they do and how they do it

Mastery

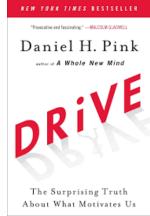
Feed on desire to learn and make progress

Purpose

Satisfy innate
desire to achieve
something
meaningful and
lasting







What is Joy in Work?

- Joy is more than the absence of burnout
- It is an intellectual, behavioral and emotional commitment to meaningful and satisfying work

Sirota D, Klein D. The Enthusiastic Employee: How Companies Profit by Giving Workers What They Want (2nd edition). Pearson FT Press; 2013.



Case for Improving Joy in Work

- Necessary to talk about burnout, but not sufficient. Must focus on **creating** joy
- Joy in work is inextricably linked to patient outcomes
 - Burnout affects patients
 - Lower levels of empathy
 - More mistakes
 - Less patient satisfaction
 - Reduced adherence to treatment plans
 - Overuse of resources



A focus on joy is a step toward creating safe, humane places for people to find meaning and purpose in their work.



Joy is the product of quality improvement and a function of high-quality systems

Management's overall aim should be to **create a system** in which everybody may take **joy** in their work."

W. E. Deming Quality Management Pioneer



Four Steps to Create a Joyful, Engaged Workforce

Outcome: Joy in work resulting in

- ↑ Patient experience
- ♠ Organizational performance
- **↓** Staff burnout
- 4. Use improvement science to test approaches to improving joy in work in your organization
- 3. Commit to a systems approach to making joy in work a shared responsibility at all levels of the organization
- 2. Identify unique impediments to joy in work in the local context
- 1. Ask staff, "What matters to you?"



Step 1: Ask staff, "What matters to you?"

Leaders engage in a form of appreciative inquiry that taps into strengths, bright spots or what is already working

Conversation questions

- What makes for a good day for you?
- What makes you proud to work here?
- When we are at our best, what does that look like?



Step 2: Identify unique impediments to joy in work in the local context

- Steps 1 & 2 usually happens in the same conversation
- What makes a good day, sets the context for inquiry of what gets in the way of a good day or makes for a bad day
- Identify what impediments exist in the daily work the "pebbles in their shoes"
- Provides opportunity for everyone to give input on which impediments to focus on thereby, building camaraderie

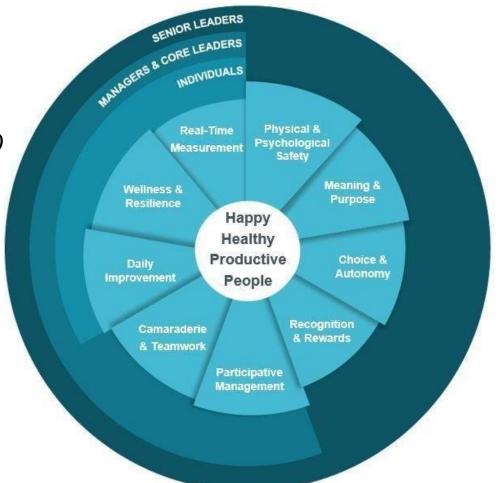
What are the pebbles in your shoes?

- Do you feel safe from bodily harm?
- Do you feel safe to ask questions and admit when mistakes are made?
- Do you feel like you have meaning in your work?
- Do you feel like you're a part of a team?
- Do you feel like you have input?



Step 3: Commit to a systems approach to making joy in work a shared responsibility at all levels of the organization

- There is a shared responsibility
- Senior leaders are responsible for all 9
- Managers are responsible for 5
- Individuals are responsible for 3 components



IHI Framework for Improving Joy in Work



Components of the System

Physical & Psychological Safety

- Feel safe from bodily harm
- Feel secure, can ask questions, seek feedback, admit mistakes

Meaning and Purpose

- Feel they make a difference
- Connected to a purpose that is larger than themselves

Choice and Autonomy

• Do people feel they have a say in how things are done in daily work?

Recognition and Rewards

• Meaningful recognition of contributions

Participative Management

• Steps to listen and involve colleagues in co-creation

Camaraderie and Teamwork

• Feel they are part of a team

Daily Improvement

• Use improvement science

Wellness & Resilience

• Values wellness of employees

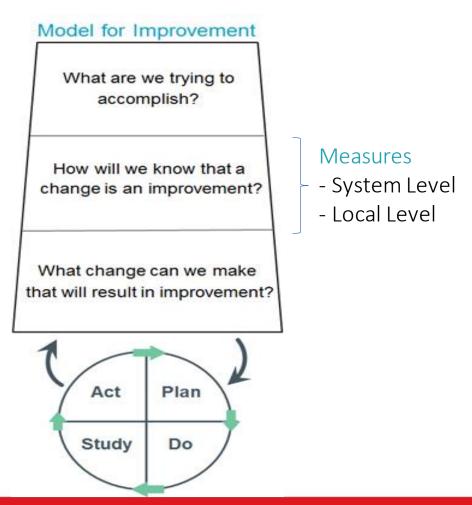
Real time measurement

• Measurement systems enable regular feedback about system performance to facilitate improvement



Step 4: Use improvement science to test approaches to improving joy in work in your organization

• Use principles of improvement science — like the Model for Improvement to test if the changes are leading to an improvement





Joy in Work System Level Measures

The Leadership Dimensions Assessment

•	Burnout Surveys
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- Job Satisfaction Tools
- Safety Surveys
- Disparities Assessment
- Leadership Dimensions Assessment

My Leader	1 – low 5 – high	What it looks like when it happens:
Holds career development conversations with me		
Inspires me to do my best		
Empowers me to do my job		
Is interested in my opinion		
Encourages employees to suggest ideas for improvement		
Treats me with respect and dignity		
Provides helpful feedback and coaching on my performance		
Recognizes me for a job well done		
Keeps me informed about changes taking place in our organization		
Encourages me to develop my talents and skills		
I would recommend working for this leader		
Overall, how satisfied are you with this leader?		

Adapted from Mayo Clinic Leadership Dimensions Assessment



Local Level Measurement Tools

THREE QUESTIONS Ask in daily huddles or team meetings: What would it look like to have a YES for each question?

- Am I treated with dignity and respect by everyone?
- Do I have what I need so I can make a contribution that gives meaning to life?
- Am I recognized and thanked for what I do?

PULSE SURVEY Ask 2-10 questions per month Rate Strongly Agree to Strongly Disagree

- Overall, ABC is an excellent place to work
- I believe ABC is going in the right direction
- My immediate supervisor cares about the work that I do
- I feel comfortable bringing up problems and touch issues
- I have a friend at work
- I feel recognized
- I am satisfied with work/life balance

DAILY VISUAL MEASURE

At the end of the day,

staff place a marble in

happy or sad jars





Secondary Driver Primary Driver Aim **Engagement Shared** Camaraderie & Meaning **Teamwork** and Purpose **Recognition & Awards Physical Safety** Psychological Safety Trust & **Just Culture Equity Improving** Wellness & Joy in Resilience Work **Build Capability of Embrace Improvement New Ways Improve Systems &** of Working **Functions Participative**

Management

Choice & Autonomy

Change Ideas to Test

- Staff share the desired culture of organization
- Engage team discussion around how they find meaning/joy in work
- Understand daily work lives by shadowing
- Regularly recognize actions that reflect the mission
- Use buddy systems and other support in high-risk areas
- Leaders create and nurture psychological safety, view failures as learning opportunity
- Define joy as a value of organization
- Use what matters to you conversation
- Keep feedback loop of work impediments "pebbles in your shoe"
- Design systems where staff can find & identify wasteful practice
- Break the Rules: If you could break or change any rule
- Use consensus decision making
- Ask team members to commit to improving work processes
- Flexible work arrangements



Walk Through – Change Ideas

Incorporate QI principles such as having leadership support and utilizing a teams to test changes to system

MAKE JOY A VALUE



ASK INDIVIDUALS WHAT BRINGS MEANING IN THEIR WORK



DISPLAY ALL VALUES ON STICKY NOTES ON (VIRTUAL) BOARDS



INCORPORATE IDENTIFIED VALUES
IN ORGANIZATION'S MISSION



CREATIVELY DISPLAY AND PROMOTE "JOY" RELATED VALUES

BREAK THE RULE



IF YOU COULD BREAK ONE RULE
BRAINSTORM ENCOURAGE WILD THOUGHTS



USE TECHNIQUES TO INVESTIGATE NEW WORKFLOW:

FLOW CHART | FORCE FIELD ANALYSIS |

DE-BONO'S 6 HATS | SWOT ANALYSIS | SYSTEM OF PROFOUND KNOWLEDGE





"... without joy and meaning in work, the workforce cannot perform at its potential. Joy and meaning are generative and allow the best to be contributed by each individual, and the teams they comprise, towards the work of the Triple Aim every day."

Sikka R, Morath JM, Leape L. The Quadruple Aim: care, health, cost and meaning in work. BMJ Qual Saf. 2015;24:608-610.



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Thank you



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Learn More

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