Implementation of A Centralized Medical Case Management System

RWA-457:

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HIV/AIDS Bureau Definition of MCM

■ HAB DEFINES MEDICAL CASE MANAGEMENT as a range of clientcentered services that link clients with health care, psychosocial, and other services. Coordination and follow-up of medical treatments are components of medical case management. Services ensure timely, coordinated access to medically appropriate levels of health and support services and continuity of care through ongoing assessment of clients' and key family members' needs and personal support systems. Medical case management includes treatment adherence counseling to ensure readiness for and adherence to complex HIV/AIDS regimens. Key activities include (1) initial assessment of service needs; (2) development of a comprehensive, individualized service plan; (3) coordination of services required to implement the plan; (4) client monitoring to assess the efficacy of the plan; and (5) periodic reevaluation and adaptation of the plan as necessary over the life of the client. It includes all types of case management, including face-to-face meetings, phone contact, and any other forms of communication.



History/ Background

- The Ryan White Office in Hartford, Connecticut was concerned about fragmentation in the delivery system prior to 2006.
- Results of a full chart audit in 2007 demonstrated superior coordination of care in Tolland County (one of three counties in the Hartford TGA).
- Based on this input, the Ryan White Office moved to convert the TGA to a centralized Case Management model with support from the Planning Council through their directives.



History/ Background

- Historically Ryan White Parts A, B, C and D funded multiple agencies and community health centers to provide psychosocial case management services through a competitive bid process.
- Each agency or community health center was responsible for the administration, clinical supervision and training of) psychosocial case managers (CM). Part B offered some training.
- Minimal interaction between Parts occurred and the RW psychosocial CM services varied greatly throughout the state. Clients frequently changed CM in search of "better" services.



History/Background

- In December 2006, the Ryan White HIV/AIDS Treatment Modernization Act changed to include medical case management as a core service and allow other models of case management to be funded under support services.
- In Summer of 2007, all Ryan White funded Parts met to agree on a uniform definition of medical case management that contained all activities defined by HAB. The collaborative working group developed a set of core standards of care, with indicators and outcomes reflecting minimum expectations for delivery of medical case management in Connecticut for all Parts. Core standards apply in both community and clinic-based case management programs. Each Part was given the option of adding to (but not deleting from) the core standards to meet the needs of its service populations. The standards went through an approval process by the Part A planning bodies.



Implementation of Hartford TGA Model

- In 1998, the Executive Director of AIDS Project Hartford and the VNHSC AIDS Program Director attended a national HIV/AIDS conference. A presentation resulted in the realization that case managers could be trained to incorporate basic medical assessments into their client encounters.
- A multidisciplinary team convened to develop a medical/psychosocial assessment encounter tool. The multidisciplinary team consisted of RW psychosocial CM, community representatives, medical, mental health, substance abuse and housing providers. This process took approximately nine months, including piloting the encounter assessment tool.



Implementation of Hartford TGA Model

- In 2006 HRSA announced that MCM would be a core service but gave limited directives. The Hartford TGA grantee funded a part time clinical nurse HIV/AIDS specialist to provide clinical supervision to implement a RW MCM model in the then centralized model. The assessment tool was the major component of this new medical model.
- A gradual shift towards increasing the number of RW psychosocial CM in medical settings expanded with the directive by the Hartford TGA grantee that placement of MCM in medical settings occur.



Implementation of Hartford TGA Model

- Extensive MCM trainings included HIV pathogenesis, uses, side effects and adherence of medication, appointment tracking, assessment and documentation skills, client quality of life issues and the need to follow up on all client issues.
- Monthly clinical record review of each MCM ensures accurate implementation of the MCM model. Expansion of the clinical record review process incorporates case study trainings on MCM clients.
- Mandatory monthly MCM team trainings expand the MCM knowledge base of HIV disease related topics, changes in entitlement eligibilities and availability, and addresses emerging issues.



MEDICAL CASE MANAGEMENT ASSESSMENT TOOL

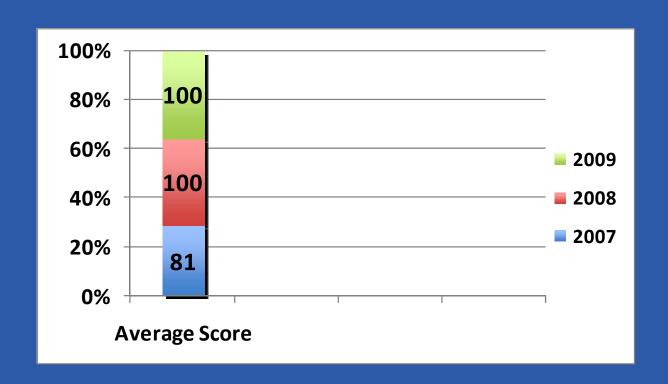
Client ID#	
Update from last visit:	
Last App Date With Outcome Hospitalization Date D/C Outcome Next App Date With Date Transportations Problems:	DateWithOutcome
Change in body appearance? Clothes fit differently? Weight & change: Fatigue? Headaches? Vision changes? Short of breath? Cough? Problems with stomach, e.g.? Nausea/Vomiting/Diarrhea/Constipation/Bleeding? Experiencing pain anywhere? Severity (0- 10)	be able to do before? Yes No Circle: ADL'S Hobbies Shopping Finances



Social Issues	Medication Adherence
Change in living arrangements?	Do you know the names of your medications? Yes No
Change in relationship(s)? Domestic Violence? Smoke circrettes? Drink beer or alcohol	Medication changes:
Domestic Violence? Sexual Assault?	
Shoke eigalettes? Drink beer of alcohol	_
Actively smoking pot?	
Actively using crack/cocaine?	
Actively using heroin?	
Any club drug use?	
(Ecstasy, MDMA, ketamine, royhypnol, meth, LSD)	
Buy prescription drugs on the street?	
Which ones?	How/what helps you remember to take your meds?
Attending group or counseling?	
Methadone clinic?	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Sexually active with or without protection?not active?	Who helps you take your meds?
Do you tell your sexual partners that you are HIV+? YesNo	Do you sometimes miss doses of your
Do you know your sexual partners HIV status?	meds?
Yes No Partner(s) HIV- or HIV+	Why?
Difficulty paying bills/obtaining food?	
	How many doses in a week do you forget to take?
	1 3 5 7 9 More
	Do you take any supplements? Yes No
	Vitamins?Herbals?OTC
	C + /E 11 H
CII. 12. A	Comments / Follow-Up
Client's Appearance	
Hygiene: Poor Fair Good	
Annograpas	
Appearance:	-
Affect:	
	<u> </u>
Mood:	
Signature: D	ate:



Medical Case Management Standard of Care Compliance Scores have consistently been 100% in the Hartford TGA (statewide standard) in the past two years among 9 distributed sites.



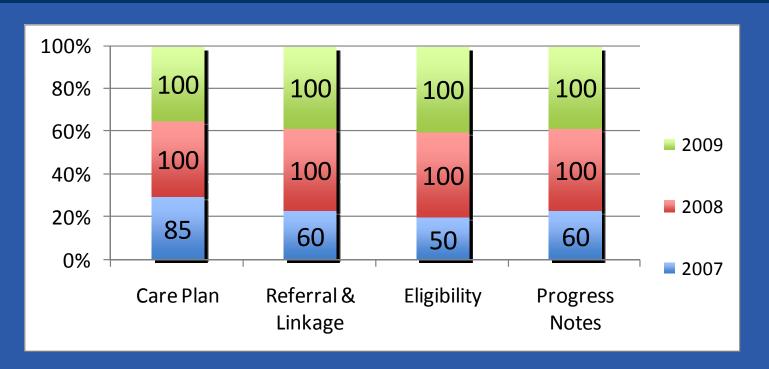


A statewide Standard of Care was developed through all Ryan White Parts and facilitated through Technical Assistance from HRSA. This standard consists of 8 categories. The Hartford TGA consistently complies with all categories in that Standard.





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PROS

ONE VOICE

CONTINUITY OF CARE

FLEXIBLE COVERAGE

END OF CLIENT 'SHOPPING'

COMPREHENSIVE CARE

FOLLOW-UP: ON REFERRALS, BARRIERS, RESOLUTION OFBARRIERS

CONS

CASELOAD (AVG OF 35 CLIENTS) DUE TO INTENSITY OF SERVICE

LOSS OF CM THAT COULD NOT COMPLY WITH DOCUMENTATION

SOME CLIENTS LIKE TO 'CM SHOP' WITHOUT ANY RESTRICTIONS



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